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Ada beragam fakta kasus pembunuhan di negeri ini yang hingga kini belum terungkap siapa aktor di balik peristiwa tersebut, seperti halnya kasus pembunuhan Marsinah (pejuang buruh) dan misteri kematian Bung Karno. Dalam e-single berikut ini, dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, seorang ahli forensik terkemuka Indonesia, berusaha menyibaknya.

Pembunuhan sadis dan kematian tokoh sering mengakibatkan timbulnya amukan dan kemarahan massa. Lalu, apa yang ditemukan dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, ahli forensik terkemuka Indonesia, saat dirinya berusaha "membedah" beragam kasus pembunuhan mengerikan ini?

This paper examines the assertion that returns to schooling increase as an economy transitions to a market environment. This claim has been difficult to assess as existing empirical evidence covers only a few countries over short time periods. A number of studies find that returns to education increased from the

"pre-transition" period to the "early transition" period. It is not clear what has happened to the skills premium through the late 1990s, or the period thereafter. The authors use data that are comparable across countries and over time to estimate returns to schooling in eight transition economies (Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Hungary, Latvia, Poland, Russia, Slovak Republic, and Slovenia) from the early transition period up to 2002. In the case of Hungary, they capture the transition process more fully, beginning in the late 1980s. Compared to the existing literature, they implement a more systematic analysis and perform more comprehensive robustness checks on the estimated returns, although at best they offer only an incomplete solution to the problem of endogeneity. The authors find that the evidence of a rising trend in returns to schooling over the transition period is generally weak, except in Hungary and Russia where there have been sustained and substantial increases in returns to schooling. On average, the estimated returns in the sample are com-

parable to advanced economy averages. There are, however, significant differences in returns across countries and these differentials have remained roughly constant over the past 15 years. They speculate on the likely institutional and structural factors underpinning these results, including incomplete transition and significant heterogeneity and offsetting developments in returns to schooling within countries.

Dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, ahli forensik terkemuka, membongkar kekerasan seksual dan kejahatan terhadap anak di Indonesia melalui kaca mata ilmiah (kedokteran), seperti kasus pedofilia, kasus jual-beli keperawanan anak, kasus bayi tertukar, kasus pembunuhan terhadap anak kandung, dan kasus aborsi.

"Kamu gila. Ngelawan arus. Pulang tinggal nama entar." Begitu yang terlontar dari kolega dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, ketika akhir 1993, dokter forensik ini berani menjadi saksi ahli kasus pembunuhan Marsinah. Kala itu, santer diyakini pejuang buruh ini dihabisi oknum militer—ketika militer paling ditakuti dengan penculikan senyapnya. Tapi berani-beraninya Mun'im mengusik tentara. Lalu, apa yang dihadapi Mun'im dan fakta apa yang ia temukan ketika harus terjun pada detik-detik mencekam Tragedi Trisakti dan Tragedi Semanggi? Bagaimana analisis forensiknya terkait pembunuhan Munir, Tragedi Tanjung Priuk, Tragedi Beutong Ateuh, dan sebagainya? Mun'im dalam buku ini membongkar arsip, membeberkan fakta-fakta mengejutkan, mengungkap sejumlah nama tabu, di samping berbagi kisah dan cara ilmiah (kedokteran) forensik dalam membongkar kriminalitas dan kejahatan di negeri ini.

"Kamu gila. Ngelawan arus. Pulang tinggal nama entar." Begitu komentar kole-

ga dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, ketika pada akhir 1993, dokter forensik ini berani menjadi saksi ahli kasus pembunuhan Marsinah. Kala itu, santer diyakini sang pejuang buruh dihabisi oknum militer. Pada era militer paling ditakuti karena penculikan senyapnya, berani-beraninya Mun'im mengusik tentara. Apa pula yang dihadapi Mun'im dan fakta apa yang ia temukan ketika harus terjun pada detik-detik mencekam Tragedi Trisakti dan Tragedi Semanggi? Bagaimana analisis forensiknya terkait pembunuhan Munir, Tragedi Tanjung Priuk, Tragedi Beutong Ateuh, dan sebagainya? Dalam Indonesia X-Files, Mun'im membongkar arsip, membeberkan fakta-fakta mengejutkan, mengungkap rahasia terkait sejumlah nama tabu. Dia juga berbagi kisah dan metode kedokteran forensik dalam membongkar kriminalitas dan kejahatan di negeri ini.

"The Open Access version of this book, available at <https://www.taylorfrancis.com/books/oa-ed-it/10.1201/9781003181590>, has been made available under a Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial-No Derivatives 4.0 license." Geospatial information plays an important role in managing location dependent pandemic situations across different communities and domains. Geospatial information and technologies are particularly critical to strengthening urban and rural resilience, where economic, agricultural, and various social sectors all intersect. Examining the United Nations' SDGs from a geospatial lens will ensure that the challenges are addressed for all populations in different locations. This book, with worldwide contributions focused on COVID-19 pandemic, provides interdisciplinary analysis and multi-sectoral expertise on the use of geospatial information and location intelligence to support com-

munity resilience and authorities to manage pandemics.

This book has been replaced by Language and Literacy Development, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-4625-4004-4.

Digital violence continues to increase, especially during times of crisis. Racism, bullying, ageism, sexism, child pornography, cybercrime, and digital tracking raise critical social and digital security issues that have lasting effects. Digital violence can cause children to be dragged into crime, create social isolation for the elderly, generate inter-communal conflicts, and increase cyber warfare. A closer study of digital violence and its effects is necessary to develop lasting solutions. The Handbook of Research on Digital Violence and Discrimination Studies introduces the current best practices, laboratory methods, policies, and protocols surrounding international digital violence and discrimination. Covering a range of topics such as abuse and harassment, this major reference work is ideal for researchers, academicians, policymakers, practitioners, professionals, instructors, and students.

Selalu ada kisah di balik hiruk pikuk kegiatan para ahli dokter forensik. Dari mulai mengungkap fakta saat penggalan mayat, mengungkap kebenaran saat bedah mayat (autopsi), kasus surat keterangan dokter yang menggemparkan, hingga sanggup membongkar misteri di balik cairan sperma-yang semuanya berujung pada terungkapnya kriminalitas dan kejahatan di negeri ini.

Dr. Mun'im Abdul Mun'im Idries, ahli forensik terkemuka Indonesia, dalam e-single ini membeberkan cara ilmiah (kedokteran) forensik untuk menentukan kapan seseorang dinyatakan sudah meninggal, di samping berisi tip cara mengidentifikasi massal korban kerusakan, korban

kebakaran, dan menelisik segi forensik dari kematian yang mendadak.

Untuk memastikan tersangka pembunuhan, perlu kecermatan tingkat tinggi agar kelak tidak ada kekeliruan dan semata-mata terpenuhinya rasa keadilan. Dan, dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries sebagai ahli forensik terkemuka Indonesia, pun dituntut agar bisa turut serta dalam membeberkan fakta-fakta secara ilmiah. Simak bagaimana kelihaihan dr. Mun'im dalam memastikan tersangka beragam kasus pembunuhan dalam e-single berikut ini.

Land of Two Rivers chronicles the story of one of the most fascinating and influential regions in the Indian subcontinent. The confluence of two major river systems, Ganga and Brahmaputra, created the delta of Bengal--an ancient land known as a center of trade, learning and the arts from the days of the Mahabharata and through the ancient dynasties. During the medieval era, this eventful journey saw the rise of Muslim dynasties which brought into being a unique culture, quite distinct from that of northern India. The colonial conquest in the eighteenth century opened the modern chapter of Bengal's history and transformed the social and economic structure of the region. Nitish Sengupta traces the formation of Bengali identity through the Bengal Renaissance, the growth of nationalist politics and the complex web of events that eventually led to the partition of the region in 1947, analyzing why, despite centuries of shared history and culture, the Bengalis finally divided along communal lines. The struggle of East Pakistan to free itself from West Pakistan's dominance is vividly described, documenting the economic exploitation and cultural oppression of the Bengali people. Ultimately, under the leadership of Bangabandhu Mu-

jibur Rahman, East Pakistan became the independent nation of Bangladesh in 1971. *Land of Two Rivers* is a scholarly yet extremely accessible account of the development of Bengal, sketching the eventful and turbulent history of this ancient civilization, rich in scope as well as in influence.

This book provides a historical evaluation of banking reforms and structural changes in India over the past 25 years. Chapters cover issues in consolidation and restructuring, competition and concentration, performance evaluation in terms of cost efficiency and productivity, profitability, non-performing assets and technology use. The authors use specific regression models to measure the impact of these reforms on bank performance during this period and assess whether or not the consolidation phase is now complete. This volume will be of interest to researchers and academicians interested in the financial history of Indian Banking reforms.

What if Islam never existed? To some, it's a comforting thought: no clash of civilizations, no holy wars, no terrorists. But what if that weren't the case at all? In *A World Without Islam*, Graham E. Fuller guides us along an illuminating journey through history, geopolitics, and religion to investigate whether or not Islam is indeed the cause of some of today's most emotional and important international crises. Fuller takes us from the birth of Islam to the fall of Rome to the rise and collapse of the Ottoman Empire. He examines and analyzes the roots of terrorism, the conflict in Israel, and the role of Islam in supporting and energizing the anti-imperial struggle. Provocatively, he finds that contrary to the claims of many politicians, thinkers, theologians, and soldiers, a world without Islam might not look vastly different from what we know

today. Filled with fascinating details and counterintuitive conclusions, *A World Without Islam* is certain to inspire debate and reshape the way we think about Islam's relationship with the West.

A male homicide victim with a shotgun blast to the chest. A female drug addict who has overdosed on crack cocaine. An elderly woman with deep stab wounds to the neck. A two-year-old motor vehicle accident victim with blunt head trauma. For forensic pathologists, police detectives, and crime scene investigators, dealing with death and injury is a daily routine. But even after investigating thousands of drownings, shootings, stabbings, electrocutions, overdoses, and traffic accidents, most professionals in the investigative fields still haven't seen it all. Originally published on CD-ROM, the *Color Atlas of Forensic Pathology* addresses much of the basic information which forensic pathologists and other investigators deal with on a day to day basis. Packed with 780 full-color, captioned photographs, this atlas examines everything from time of death and decomposition, to identification, to causes of death from blunt trauma, firearm injuries, asphyxia, cutting and stabbing injuries, and more. The atlas shows the various causes of death and injury with case -- "visuals" to help investigators understand the work they perform. Indeed, with its exhaustive coverage, the *Color Atlas of Forensic Pathology* will provide investigators with valuable insight into the many different causes of death and injury they must deal with and how the manners of death are diagnosed.

Munir Said Thalib adalah tragedi yang terjeda dalam sebuah tanda tanya. Kematiannya yang misterius sekaligus tak wajar diduga kuat karena perannya sebagai pejuang HAM. Dalam e-single ini, dr.

Abdul Mun'im Idries, pakar forensik terkemuka Indonesia, selain mengungkap cerita kematian Munir, juga membongkar fakta-fakta mengejutkan lain.

Graphic memoir about the career of Stan Lee, the American comic book writer, editor, publisher, and former president and chairman of Marvel Comics.

The Sultanate of Oman is one of the few "good news" stories to have emerged from the Middle East in recent memory. This book traces the narrative of a little-known and relatively stable Arab country whose history of independence, legacy of interaction with diverse cultures, and enlightened modern leadership have transformed it in less than fifty years from an isolated medieval-style potentate to a stable, dynamic, and largely optimistic country. At the heart of this fascinating story is Oman's sultan, Qaboos bin Sa'id, friend to both East and West, whose unique leadership style has resulted in both domestic and foreign policy achievements during more than four decades in office. Exploring Oman from a historical perspective, Funsch examines how the country's unique blend of tradition and modernization has enabled it to succeed while others in the region have failed. Accounts of the author's own experiences with Oman's transformation add rich layers of depth, texture, and personality to the narrative.

This is a new release of the original 1939 edition.

The Will to Power An Attempted Transvaluation Of All Values By Friedrich Nietzsche Translated By Anthony M. Ludovici In the volume before us we have the first two books of what was to be Nietzsche's greatest theoretical and philosophical prose work. The reception given to *Thus Spake Zarathustra* had been so unsatisfactory, and misunderstandings relative

to its teaching had become so general, that, within a year of the publication of the first part of that famous philosophical poem, Nietzsche was already beginning to see the necessity of bringing his doctrines before the public in a more definite and unmistakable form. During the years that followed--that is to say, between 1883 and 1886--this plan was matured, and although we have no warrant, save his sister's own word and the internal evidence at our disposal, for classing *Beyond Good and Evil* (published 1886) among the contributions to Nietzsche's grand and final philosophical scheme, "The Will to Power," it is now impossible to separate it entirely from his chief work as we would naturally separate *The Birth of Tragedy*, *the Thoughts out of Season*, the volumes entitled *Human, all-too-Human*, *The Dawn of Day*, and *Joyful Wisdom*.

Collection.

Islamist political parties and groups are on the rise throughout the Muslim world, constituting a new political Islam that is global in scope and yet local in action. Emmanuel Karagiannis explains how various Islamists have endorsed human rights, democracy, and justice to gain influence and mobilize supporters.

Kasus kejahatan narkoba makin hari makin terlihat seperti benang kusut, yang seolah sulit diurai. Seorang ahli forensik terkemuka Indonesia, dr. Abdul Mun'im Idries, berusaha mengungkap apa saja penyebab menjamurnya kejahatan narkoba sekaligus menelisik aspek forensiknya.

What links the Mercedes Formula One team with Google? What links Dave Braisford's Team Sky and the aviation industry? What is the connection between the inventor James Dyson and the footballer David Beckham? They are all Black Box

Thinkers. Whether developing a new product, honing a core skill or just trying to get a critical decision right, Black Box Thinkers aren't afraid to face up to mistakes. In fact, they see failure as the very best way to learn. Rather than denying their mistakes, blaming others or attempting to spin their way out of trouble, these institutions and individuals interrogate errors as part of their future strategy for success. How many of us, hand on heart, can say that we have such a healthy relationship with failure? Learning from failure has the status of a cliché, but this book reveals the astonishing story behind the most powerful method of learning known to mankind, and reveals the arsenal of techniques wielded by some of the world's most innovative organizations. Their lessons can be applied across every field - from sport to education, from business to health. Using gripping case studies, exclusive interviews and really practical takeaways, Matthew Syed - the award-winning journalist and best-selling author of *Bounce* - explains how to turn failure into success, and shows us how we can all become better Black Box Thinkers.

Based on the best-selling hardcover edition, the new edition of the *Pocket Atlas of Oral Diseases* provides complete information on the diagnosis and treatment of oral disease. Featuring 367 vivid color photographs, this Thieme Flexibook is the indispensable pocket reference for otolaryngologists, dentists, dermatologists and primary care practitioners.

Contains thorough explanations and descriptions Offers clear informative diagrams and photographs Aimed at pathologists in training, medical students, and mortuary technicians Thoroughly revised 2nd edition includes the most recent guidance to an accurate mortem diagnosis from the Royal College of Pathologists

and from the College of American Pathologists

Includes statistics.

Dhirubhai Ambani's life is a rags-to-riches story, from Bombay's crowded pavements and bazaars to the city's extravagantly wealthy social circles where business tycoons, stockmarket speculators, smugglers, politicians and Hindi film stars mingle, make money, make and break marriages and carry out prolonged feuds. This is the story of a rising capitalist group in post-independence India. Until the arrival of Ambani, and now more like him, India's big business scene was dominated by a few industrial houses from British times. Ambani's Reliance group has risen to rival these houses in just 26 years since its foundation. By 1995, the group had 2.6 million investors, one in every eight Indian sharemarket investors, and is now so large that it has to hold its annual general meetings in football stadiums. Along with expansion, however, have come the intricate political connections, a whole raft of corruption charges and a rollercoaster of booms and crashes for Ambani and his company. This study shows how capitalism emerges by fair means and foul in the new industrial countries of the Third World and explores the life of an Asian tycoon.

Provides an overview, chronology of events, glossary and annotated bibliography for forensic science and DNA evidence.

Modern metaheuristic algorithms such as bee algorithms and harmony search start to demonstrate their power in dealing with tough optimization problems and even NP-hard problems. This book reviews and introduces the state-of-the-art nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms in optimization, including genetic algo-

gorithms, bee algorithms, particle swarm optimization, simulated annealing, ant colony optimization, harmony search, and firefly algorithms. We also briefly introduce the photosynthetic algorithm, the enzyme algorithm, and Tabu search. Worked examples with implementation have been used to show how each algorithm works. This book is thus an ideal textbook for an undergraduate and/or graduate course. As some of the algorithms such as the harmony search and firefly algorithms are at the forefront of current research, this book can also serve as a reference book for researchers.

HRH King Abdullah was schooled in America and at Sandhurst and was heading for a life as a career soldier, when his father fell ill and he unexpectedly inherited the throne of Jordan. Fiercely loyal to his country but possessing an outsider's perspective on the political difficulties of the region, King Abdullah has since spent every effort to better Jordan - improving their economy, education and rights for women - and find security for his people and their neighbours. In this seminal work, he puts forward what may be our best chance yet for the most important issue in the region - Israeli-Palestinian peace.

"Many years have now gone by, and jealousy compels me to keep her name a secret, even from my readers. But I must provide a full and truthful account of what happened." It is mid-1980s Istanbul and Master Mahmut and his apprentice use ancient methods to dig wells - they are desperate to find water in a barren land. This is the tale of their struggle, but it is also a deeper investigation - through mesmerising stories and images - into Pamuk's prevailing themes: fathers and sons, the state and individual free-

dom, reading and seeing. It is also a richly literary work: *The Red-Haired Woman* borrows from the tradition of the French conte philosophique and asks probing questions of ethics and of the role of art in our lives. It is both a short, realist text investigating a murder which took place thirty years ago near Istanbul - and a fictional inquiry into the literary foundations of civilizations, comparing two fundamental myths of the West and the East respectively: Sophocles's *Oedipus Rex* (a story of patricide) and Ferdowsi's tale of Rostam and Sohrab (a story of filicide). *The Red-Haired Woman* is a masterful and mesmerising work which further confirms Orhan Pamuk as one of our greatest novelists.

From the preface: "The 1966 'Human Factors' edition focused on the contemporary threat of Maoist insurgencies, particularly in Southeast Asia, and also drew extensively on World War II resistance movements in Europe. Much of this information is still relevant and has been retained and integrated. In the post-Cold War world, the most important insurgencies tend to be ethnic and religious. Long-simmering conflicts, sometimes with roots in colonial policies, have become prominent; examples include the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) in Sri Lanka, Euskadi Ta Askatasuna (Basque Homeland and Freedom or ETA) in Spain, the Hutu-Tutsi genocides, the Ushtia lirimtare e Kosovs (Kosovo Liberation Army, or KLA), and the Provisional Irish Republican Army (PIRA). Battle lines in these conflicts are often drawn along ethnic lines, even when land or politics are the immediate issues in contention. The other important new category is extremist religious movements, most prominently Islamic groups, including regional insurgent movements like Hizbollah and Harakat al-Muqawamah

al'Isলামiyyah (Islamic Resistance Movement, or HAMAS) and global movements like Al Qaeda. These present a different profile of ideology, organizational forms, and psychology than either Cold War Maoists or post-colonial ethnic insurgencies (although the Palestinian cause could be considered a post-colonial issue). Globalization has also changed underground operations in numerous ways. Insurgencies, enabled by low-cost transportation, Internet based communications, and other information technologies, can more easily recruit, communicate, and operate across borders. It is correspondingly much more difficult to contain an insurgency in a region. Global

media has led to development of new tactics, in particular new types of terrorism, designed to capture worldwide attention. Compared with what was available in the 1960s, there are orders of magnitude more academic research available relevant to this study's topics. We were able to draw on more recent work in psychology, political science, economics, sociology, organizational studies, and communications studies. Readers of this edition will, over the course of eleven chapters, get a wide exposure to basic concepts from a number of disciplines".

An ex-army officer's account of the history of Pakistan army.