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All'interno di quest'opera l'autore espone, in modo chiaro e sistematico, il pensiero dei cosiddetti socratici minori (scuola megarica: Euclide di Megara, Eubulide di Mileto, Diodoro Crono e Stilpone di Megara; corrente cinica: Antistene di Atene e Diogene di Sinope; scuola cirenaica: Aristippo di Cirene, Arete di Cirene, Aristippo il Giovane, Teodoro l'Ateo, Egesia di Cirene e Anniceride di Cirene).

The first English-language reference of its kind, *The Encyclopedia of Philosophy* was hailed as 'a remarkable and unique work' (Saturday Review) that contained 'the international who's who of philosophy and cultural history' (Library Journal).

This book is a treasure house of Italian philosophy. Narrating and explaining the history of Italian philosophers from the Middle Ages to the twentieth century, the author identifies the specificity, peculiarity, originality, and novelty of Italian philosophical thought in the men and women of the Renaissance. The vast intellectual output of the Renaissance can be traced back to a single philosophical stream beginning in Florence and fed by numerous converging human factors. This work offers historians and philosophers a vast survey and penetrating analysis of an intellectual tradition which has heretofore remained virtually unknown to the Anglophonic world of scholarship.

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Da sempre al centro del dibattito e nell'immaginario comune il confronto tra il cristianesimo e le scienze è stato declinato come un rapporto conflittuale o irenico tra fede e ragione, creazione ed evoluzione. Ma siamo sicuri che sia il modo adeguato di istruire il problema? La teologia è solita interloquire con la fisica, ma cosa succede quando si confronta con la biologia e la sua vicenda? Dall'incontro con la "teoria dell'evoluzione" e il "racconto evolutivo" si aprono questioni filosofiche e teologiche inedite, fondamentali per il senso della storia e della nostra esistenza. La posta in gioco è l'uomo, lo stesso descritto dal racconto biblico. Da questo confronto si ricavano gli elementi necessari alla credibilità del messaggio cristiano, tra cui il valore del racconto biblico e il Dio di Gesù Cristo, una maggiore coscienza verso la storia e l'antropologia fondamentale.

All'interno di quest'opera l'autore espone, in modo chiaro e sistematico, il pensiero dei più importanti membri della corrente cinica: Antistene di Atene e Diogene di Sinope.

The author is concerned with steering existentialism in a positive direction, making it at once more rigorous as to method and more genuinely relevant to the human situation. In arguing that possibility is the fundamental mode and sense of human reality, he challenges the positions of other existentialists who, though they employ the concept of the possible as the basic tool of philosophical analysis, do so incoherently. By a careful and consistent use of this concept, he clarifies its relations with those of inquiry, commitment, time, freedom and death.

La Garzantina di Filosofia è una guida rigorosa ed esauriente al pensiero occidentale, alla sua storia e ai suoi esponenti. Le circa 3000 voci dell'enciclopedia trattano gli autori, le dottrine e le scuole (dall'atomismo all'esistenzialismo, dal positivismo alla fenomenologia), i settori di ricerca (etica, logica, estetica, epistemologia, ermeneutica, filosofia del linguaggio, neuroscienze e filosofia della mente), i concetti e i termini tecnici (da abduzione a idealtipo, da entelechia a verità, da intelligenza artificiale a postmoderno). Numerose voci allargano l'orizzonte della disciplina alle cosiddette scienze umane - linguistica, pedagogia, psicologia, psicoanalisi, sociologia, antropologia culturale, teologia - che della filosofia sono state e sono ancora gli interlocutori privilegiati. In appendice, Forme e generi del testo filosofico, un'analisi dei principali generi filosofici, dall'aforisma al dialogo, dall'epistola al tratta-

to, indagati nelle loro peculiarità retoriche e strutturali, e la Piccola biblioteca di filosofia, con le schede di 300 opere chiave della storia del pensiero, commentate e inquadrate nella produzione dei rispettivi autori.

Everything your child needs to know about world religions, now in paperback From the mystery of Mesopotamia to Zen Buddhism, help your child get to the core of all the major faiths from around the world. They'll discover the attitudes, ideals, art and architecture of major religions including- Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity and Islam. Plus, they'll find out about the practices and teachings of each faith. Packed with stunning photographs and beautiful illustrations this is a fascinating insight to the religions throughout our world.

Infelizmente, ainda estamos acostumados a um modelo de ensino retrógrado, cujo fim está mais voltado a formar juristas para que se tornem tecnocratas, e então habilitados no uso da legislação estatal e da jurisprudência doméstica, do que propriamente juristas curadores de si, que gastem seu tempo em temas abstratos, formando-se, ganhando densidade reflexiva, aprofundando indagações, e, com isso, aprendendo a investigar os problemas e as respostas para as mazelas humanas da melhor maneira possível (algo tão importante num país como o nosso, cujos traços coloniais e excludentes se sobressaem a qualquer critério de justiça social). In Introdução

Les champs de la recherche, de la pédagogie et de la thérapeutique médicales sont aujourd'hui bouleversés par la volonté de prendre au mieux en compte la réflexivité de tous les protagonistes. Associant chercheurs, malades et professionnels de la santé, cet ouvrage analyse des partenariats inédits de soins, de formation et de recherche qui en découlent en Europe, au Québec et au Brésil. Il fournit un point d'étape des nouvelles mobilisations de la réflexivité des malades et des soignants et de leurs effets, observant tant le déploiement de figures formalisées de représentants des usagers, patients experts, patients formateurs et patients co-chercheurs, que celui des premières promotions de docteurs en sciences infirmières. Deux conclusions s'en dégagent : d'une part la progression de la prise en compte des savoirs des malades métamorphose les notions d'éducation thérapeutique et de démocratie sanitaire et questionne la formation des médecins et soignants ; d'autre part la construction d'enseignements universitaires des sciences infirmières oblige à la formalisation d'un modèle encore implicite de formation par la recherche. Plus généralement, dès lors que soigner ou maintenir en bonne santé est pensé comme un ensemble de coopérations entre personnes capables de réfléchir et disposant de leur libre arbitre, la valorisation de la réflexivité de tous devient essentielle.

Revista trimestral editada pelo Instituto Filosófico Aristotélico Tomista (IFAT) e o Instituto Teológico São Tomás de Aquino (ITTA). Lumen Veritatis pretende ser instrumento de divulgação do pensamento de São Tomás de Aquino e de incremento da cultura cristã, promovendo um diálogo crítico entre o pensamento escolástico e as demais correntes filosóficas.

This book explores human possibility at the end of the twentieth century. It takes the form of discussion between an eminent philosopher and a skilled journalist about "the human measure" as it engages false absolutes and their accompanying utopias. The book proposes a "third way" between capitalism and socialism, and it concludes with comments on end-of-century phenomena, including democracy, intellectuals, and terrorism.

This book is a study of ancient views about 'moral luck'. It examines the fundamental ethical problem that many of the valued constituents of a well-lived life are vulnerable to factors outside a person's control, and asks how this affects our appraisal of persons and their lives. The Greeks made a profound contribution to these questions, yet neither the problems nor the Greek views of them have received the attention they deserve. This book thus recovers a central dimension of Greek thought and addresses major issues in contemporary ethical theory. One of its most original aspects is its interrelated treatment of both literary and philosophical texts. The Fragility of Goodness has proven to be important reading for philosophers and classicists, and its non-technical style makes it accessible to any educated person interested in the difficult problems it tackles. This edition, first published in 2001, features a preface by Martha Nussbaum.

The voice of the Age of Reason remarks on English religion and politics during the early 18th century: Quakers, Church of England, Presbyterians, Anti-Trinitarians, Parliament, government, commerce, plus essays on Locke, Descartes, and Newton.

Un affascinante viaggio culturale alla scoperta del pensiero scientifico-filosofico dell'età ellenistica. Megarici: Euclide di Megara, Eubu-

lide di Mileto, Diodoro Crono e Stilpone di Megara. Cinici: Antistene di Atene e Diogene di Sinope. Cirenaici: Aristippo di Cirene, Arete di Cirene, Aristippo il Giovane, Teodoro l'Ateo, Egesia di Cirene e Anniceride di Cirene. Epicureismo: Epicuro. Stoicismo: Zenone di Cizio, Cleante di Asso, Crisippo di Soli, Panezio di Rodi, Posidonio di Apamea, Lucio Anneo Seneca, Musonio, Epitteto e Marco Aurelio. Scetticismo: Pirrone di Elide, Timone di Fliunte, Arcesilao di Pitane, Carneade di Cirene, Filone di Larissa, Antioo di Ascalona, Enesidemo di Cnosso, Agrippa e Sesto Empirico.

In this compelling new book, Martha C. Nussbaum presents a powerful argument for treating emotions not as alien forces but as highly discriminating responses to what is of value and importance. She explores and illuminates the structure of a wide range of emotions, in particular compassion and love, showing that there can be no adequate ethical theory without an adequate theory of the emotions. This involves understanding their cultural sources, their history in infancy and childhood, and their sometimes unpredictable and disorderly operations in our daily lives.

Nel periodo del lockdown ognuno di noi ha vissuto sentimenti di paura, sofferenza e fragilità, ai quali si sono accompagnati momenti di riflessione. Annalisa Vescovini propone una visione fresca e pungente della quarantena, che si tramuta in un'occasione per guardare alla realtà e per approfondire un tema di grande attualità: il potere persuasivo dei social network. Il parallelismo tra l'esperienza della quarantena e la dimensione virtuale dei social network incontra i temi dell'amore, della solitudine e della libertà: il tempo per godere delle relazioni, ancora prima dell'avvento del virus, è minacciato dalla dimensione virtuale, che ruba e sottrae, chiudendoli in uno schermo, i momenti della vita che non si ripeteranno. Filo conduttore, che accompagna la riflessione sulle analogie e sulle contraddizioni delle due realtà, è la filosofia platonica, mai così attuale nel descrivere una società fondata su immagini e modelli che non sono capaci di guidare i giovani e le future generazioni lungo lo straordinario, quanto impervio, cammino della vita. Annalisa Vescovini nasce nel 1991 a Modena. Frequenta il liceo classico, dove incontra la letteratura italiana, latina e greca, e la filosofia, materie delle quali si appassiona e che studia con dedizione. Coltiva fin da bambina l'amore per la danza classica, disciplina che pratica con costanza e che per molti anni insegna. Conclusa la maturità, si iscrive presso l'Università di Bologna al Corso di Laurea in Filosofia, conseguendo la Laurea Triennale e la Laurea Specialistica; nella tesi di quest'ultima approfondisce il tema della mimesis nel pensiero platonico.

THE DEFINITIVE WOOD-CUTTER'S BIBLE - THE BESTSELLING, YEAR-ROUND GUIDE TO CHOPPING, STACKING AND DRYING WOOD "The book has spread like wildfire" Daily Mail "A how-to book with poetry at its heart" T.L.S. "A step-by-step guide to preparing your wood store" Independent Whether you're a seasoned woodcutter, or your passion is yet to be kindled, NORWEGIAN WOOD is an entertaining guide for year-round wood management, and the perfect gift. Chopping and stacking wood is a pastime where the world makes sense once more. Because our relationship to fire is so ancient, so universal, it seems that in learning about wood, you can also learn about life. And who better to impart this wisdom than an expert from Scandinavia, where the extreme climate has obliged generations to hone and share their skills with tools, wood and heat production. Lars Mytting has distilled the wisdom of enthusiasts, from experienced lifelong growers, stackers and burners to researchers and professionals of combustion and tree culture. Part guide to the best practice in every aspect of working with this renewable energy source, part meditation on the human instinct for survival, this definitive handbook on the art of chopping, stacking and drying wood in the Scandinavian way has resonated across the world, with more than a million copies sold worldwide. More than 175,000 copies sold in English editions. The book that defined a genre.

The European Union and the single currency have given Europe more stability than it has known in the past thousand years, yet Europe seems to be in perpetual crisis about its global role. The many European empires are now reduced to a multiplicity of ethnicities, traditions, and civilizations. Europe will never be One, but to survive as a union it will have to become a federation of "islands" both distinct and connected. Though drawing on philosophers of Europe's past, Cacciari calls not to resist Europe's sunset but to embrace it. Europe will have to open up to the possibility that in few generations new exiles and an unpredictable cultural hybridism will again change all we know about the European legacy. Though scarcely alive in today's politics, the political unity of Europe is still a necessity, however impossible it seems to achieve.

This is a profound study of Aristotle's concept of phronesis, or practical wisdom. Carlo Natali critically reconsiders Aristotle's famous doctrine of contemplation, relating it to contemporary theories of the good life. In Book X of the *Nicomachean Ethics*, Aristotle appears to claim that the best possible life is that which is engaged in *theoria*, usually translated as "contemplation." Quite a few commentators have criticized what they call Aristotle's "intellectualism," suggesting that when he makes the intellectual life superior to all other human goods he opens the door to a Raskolnikov-like immoralism. Natali threads his way very carefully through the tangle of recent arguments on the topic, and presents a persuasive resolution that preserves the primacy of the life of the mind without giving any room for justifications of amorality. In Natali's discussion, Aristotle's analysis of wisdom comes into focus for us today as an attractive and well-argued ideal, to be kept in mind when we are deciding how to live. Natali has a keen understanding of both the continental and the analytic tendencies in interpreting Aristotle, and is able to show the positive and negative contributions of both styles of philosophy to this task. Appearing in English for the first time, this is the definitive scholarly treatment on the role of practical reasoning in ethics.

Questo volume si inserisce in una linea di riflessione che, nella sua fisionomia generale, va ricondotta all'ampio dibattito, nazionale ed internazionale, sui temi connessi alle trasformazioni dell'identità della biblioteca e della biblioteca pubblica in particolare, secondo una prospettiva che è anche quella della "lunga durata", prendendo in esame questioni che hanno a che fare con la dimensione spaziale di questa problematica identità, o che comunque dal concetto di spazio, nella sua indefinita dimensione teorica, estetica, metaforica, traggono origine. A questo asse centrale del libro si collegano ulteriori temi, dalla discussione della evoluzione in senso 'sociale' della biblioteconomia alla riflessione storico-architettonica sul concetto di 'canone', dalla ipotesi di "arricchire" lo spazio percettivo della biblioteca fino al tema, di grande interesse, della selezione, raccolta ed analisi dei dati digitali. Dati che, in quanto tracce, rendono disponibili informazioni sulle azioni e sulle attività riferibili al modo con cui le persone "leggono" la forma dell'ambiente bibliotecario e del suo complesso ecosistema informativo.

A leitura do proficuo estudo do professor Pablo Feitosa, logo de cara deixa clara a necessidade da rediscussão de alguns temas es-táticos no âmbito do direito administrativo, que reclamam uma re-análise à luz da interdisciplinaridade. Conceitos como o de Estado, interesse público e o próprio significado do poder precisam ser urgentemente redimensionados nos estudos de direito administrativo.

A resolute defense of philosophy and hermeneutics against the threats of dogmatism and relativism. Luigi Pareyson (1918–1991) was one of the most important Italian philosophers to emerge after World War II and stands shoulder to shoulder with fellow hermeneutic thinkers Hans-Georg Gadamer and Paul Ricoeur. The product of a well-developed theory of interpretation that stretches back to the late 1940s, his 1971 masterpiece *Truth and Interpretation* provides the historical impetus and theoretical framework for the questions of existence, art, and politics that would motivate his most famous students, Umberto Eco and Gianni Vattimo. In a time when the meaning of truth as an interpretation is challenged by the chaotic din of media on the one side and the violent force of absolute claims from science, religion, and political economy on the other, Pareyson's meditation on the value of thinking that is shaped by the traditions of philosophy and yet responds to contemporary demands remains timely and pressing more than forty years after its initial publication.

La genesi di una Teoria Generale per l'Intelligence delle Fonti Aperte fondata su prassi concretamente interdisciplinari ha richiesto - come era lecito aspettarsi - lo sviluppo un proprio linguaggio disciplinare (o microlingua) più approfondito, maggiormente espressivo, più ampio di quello offerto dagli Intelligence Studies convenzionali. Il Microglossario descrive gli elementi costitutivi di questa microlingua, ne approfondisce le origini, ne delinea l'evoluzione semantica, evidenzia i prestiti epistemologici ottenuti dalle altre discipline e sottolinea le differenze con il lessico convenzionale degli studi di intelligence. Con i suoi 73 lemmi il Microglossario interfaccia il dominio disciplinare della Teoria Generale con quello dell'Intelligence lato sensu e con i domini delle altre discipline. Uno strumento fondamentale per costruire quelle prassi di "interdisciplinarietà attuata" che sono l'unico, vero mo-

toire dell'innovazione disciplinare, nell'OSINT così come in ogni altra forma di Intelligence presente e futura.

This book provides a multidisciplinary and comparative look at the contemporary phenomenon of conscientious objection or contestation in the name of religion and examines the key issues that emerge in terms of citizenship and democracy. These are analysed by looking at the different ways of challenging or contesting a legal obligation on the grounds of religious beliefs and convictions. The authors focus on the meaning of conscientious objection which asserts the legitimacy of convictions — in particular religious convictions — in determining the personal or collective relevance of the law and of public action. The book begins by examining the main theoretical issues underlying conscientious objection, exploring the implications of the protection of freedom of conscience, the place of religion in the secular public sphere, and the recognition and respect of ethical pluralism in society. It then focuses on the question of exemptions and contestations of civil norms, using a multidisciplinary approach to highlight the multiple and diverse issues surrounding them, as well as the motives behind them. This book will be of great interest to scholars, specialists, and graduate and advanced undergraduate students who are interested in issues of religious diversity. Researchers and policy-makers in think-tanks, NGOs and government units will find the volume useful in helping to identify key issues in understanding the phenomenon of conscientious objection and its implications in managing ethical diversity in contemporary societies.

The Oxford Philosophical Texts series consists of authoritative teaching editions of canonical texts in the history of philosophy from the ancient world down to modern times. Each volume provides a clear, well laid out text together with a comprehensive introduction by a leading specialist, giving the student detailed critical guidance on the intellectual context of the work and the structure and philosophical importance of the main arguments. Endnotes are supplied which provide further commentary on the arguments and explain unfamiliar references and terminology, and a full bibliography and index are also included. The series aims to build up a definitive corpus of key texts in the Western philosophical tradition, which will form a reliable and enduring resource for students and teachers alike. This volume contains Leibniz's most important texts, starting with the *Discourse on Metaphysics* (1686), which marks the beginning of maturity in Leibniz's ideas and ending with the *Monadology* (1714), written in response to requests for a systematic, organized account of his overall philosophy. In between fall other key works including the *New System of Nature* (1695), the *Specimen of Dynamics* (1695), *Nature Itself* (1698), and the *Principles of Nature and Grace* (1714). Also included in the volume are critical reactions to the *Discourse* and the *New System* by Leibniz's contemporaries, Antoine Arnauld, Pierre Bayle, and Simon Foucher, together with Leibniz's responses. All the texts are newly translated into English for this edition, and each is preceded by a summary explaining its background, structure, and content. Also containing a substantial introduction, notes, and bibliography, the volume offers a comprehensive introduction to Leibniz's philosophy.

A multidisciplinary index covering the journal literature of the arts and humanities. It fully covers 1,144 of the world's leading arts and humanities journals, and it indexes individually selected, relevant items from over 6,800 major science and social science journals.

Come si costruisce la memoria del passato? È possibile affermare che i media e, in particolare, quelli audiovisivi abbiano modificato le pratiche sociali e culturali del ricordo? Quali canali percorre oggi la parola del testimone? In quale modo si sono trasformati gli atti performativi dei lasciti memoriali, dal momento che la trasmissione dei ricordi personali si sta sempre più volgendo verso un modello transgenerazionale? Privilegiando una prospettiva antropologico-visuale, il volume cerca di rispondere a queste domande a partire da un'indagine sull'immagine documentaria, nelle sue molteplici trasmissioni medial: dal documentario alle installazioni multimediali, dal cinema sperimentale agli archivi digitali on line, dai musei audiovisivi ai film amatoriali. La ricerca si basa sulla ricostruzione storico-teorica dei principali contributi nel settore dei Memory Studies in relazione agli studi sul cinema e i media audiovisivi. Nello specifico, il testo propone l'analisi di tre pratiche documentaristiche, capaci di interpretare e attestare i nuovi costrutti genealogici e le più recenti forme di eredità delle memorie: il found footage, realizzato con film privati; la videotesti-

monianza; le immagini-souvenir girate nei luoghi del post-trauma. A proposta desta obra intitulada de Bioética Ambiental é promover o diálogo interdisciplinar entre os diferentes saberes, crenças, teorias e concepções de nossos tempos, que buscam compreender a relação do homem com a natureza, de modo a despertar e a promover uma nova aliança entre a humanidade e o ambiente, e unir os diferentes interesses, sejam humanos ou do meio ambiente. Esta nova aliança, por sua vez, não será possível se não houver primeiramente uma mudança nos valores que orientam a vida humana, de modo a sermos capazes de substituir os atuais projetos individualistas e materialistas de nossos tempos por projetos coletivos, de longo prazo, de reciprocidade e de partilha entre todos. Não se trata de buscar consensos ou uniformizar pensamentos, mas unir-nos em torno de uma necessidade comum. Nesse esforço de repensar a aliança da humanidade com a natureza, a bioética, nesse caso bioética ambiental, tornou-se um referencial e um privilegiado espaço para tal atividade, pois é necessária uma união de forças e uma unidade de contribuições advindas das diferentes áreas do saber, bem como dos diferentes agentes ou pacientes morais. Somente nesse diálogo será possível eliminar as divergências entre as demandas do homem com as demandas da natureza, o que permitirá orientar as decisões em vista do bem-estar de todos os seres vivos.

The early modern and modern cultural world in the West would be unthinkable without Petrarch and Boccaccio. Despite this fact, there is still no scholarly contribution entirely devoted to analysing their intellectual revolution. Internationally renowned scholars are invited to discuss and rethink the historical, intellectual, and literary roles of Petrarch and Boccaccio between the great model of Dante's encyclopedia and the ideas of a double or multifaceted culture in the era of Italian Renaissance Humanism. In his lyrical poems and Latin treatises, Petrarch created a cultural pattern that was both Christian and Classical, exercising immense influence on the Western World in the centuries to come. Boccaccio translated this pattern into his own vernacular narratives and erudite works, ultimately claiming as his own achievement the reconstructed unity of the Ancient Greek and Latin world in his contemporary age. The volume reconsiders Petrarch's and Boccaccio's heritages from different perspectives (philosophy, theology, history, philology, paleography, literature, theory), and investigates how these heritages shaped the cultural transition between the end of the Middle Ages and the early modern era, as well as European identity.

This volume is a window on a period of rich and illuminating philosophical activity that has been rendered generally inaccessible by the supposed "revolution" attributed to "Analytic Philosophy" so-called. Careful exposition and critique is given to every serious alternative account of number and number relations available at the time.

In *Socialism of Fools*, Michele Battini focuses on the critical moment during the Enlightenment in which anti-Jewish stereotypes morphed into a sophisticated, modern social anti-Semitism. He recovers the potent anti-Jewish, anticapitalist propaganda that cemented the idea of a Jewish conspiracy in the European mind and connects it to the atrocities that characterized the Jewish experience in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Beginning in the eighteenth century, counter-Enlightenment intellectuals and intransigent Catholic writers singled out Jews for conspiring to exploit self-sustaining markets and the liberal state. These ideas spread among socialist and labor movements in the nineteenth century and intensified during the Long Depression of the 1870s. Anti-Jewish anticapitalism then migrated to the Habsburg Empire with the Christian Social Party; to Germany with the Anti-Semitic Leagues; to France with the nationalist movements; and to Italy, where Revolutionary Syndicalists made anti-Jewish anticapitalism the basis of an alliance with the nationalists. Exemplified best in the Protocols of the Elders of Zion, the infamous document that "leaked" Jewish plans to conquer the world, the Jewish-conspiracy myth inverts reality and creates a perverse relationship to historical and judicial truth. Isolating the intellectual roots of this phenomenon and its contemporary resonances, Battini shows us why, so many decades after the Holocaust, Jewish people continue to be a powerful political target.

Many of the earliest books, particularly those dating back to the 1900s and before, are now extremely scarce and increasingly expensive. We are republishing these classic works in affordable, high quality, modern editions, using the original text and artwork.